Production of construction materials for January-October 2024.

The volume of production of construction materials in Kazakhstan for January-October 2024 was **1,071.8** billion tenge, which in nominal terms is **4.3%** higher than the same period in 2023 (1,027.9 billion tenge).

The index of physical volume of production in January-October 2024 was **91.2%.** Growth in physical terms is observed for the following goods:

- slag wool, mineral wool (+31.5%)

- treated stone for monuments, decoration and construction (+9.9%);

- ceramic bricks of non-flammable building bricks, except for products

from rock silica flour or diatomaceous earth (+9.6%);

- plasterboard (+2.3%).

Exports of construction materials products for January-September 2024 compared to the same period of 2023 increased by **12.6** per cent to USD **206.5** million. US DOLLARS. In physical terms, the export volume decreased by **10.**9% to **1,105.4** thousand tonnes, while in the same period last year it was at 1,240.1 thousand tonnes. The main top export countries are Russia, Kyrgyzstan and Uzbekistan.

Imports of construction materials to the domestic market in January-September 2024 totalled **USD 896 million.** In physical terms, the volume of goods **amounted** to 2,560.2 thousand tonnes, up by 1.4% against the same period of 2023. In physical terms, the volume of goods amounted to 2,560.2 thousand tonnes increasing by 1.4% against the same period of 2023. The main top importing countries are Russia (42.8%), China (25.4%) and Uzbekistan (7.6%).

In January-September 2024, the volume of the construction materials market in Kazakhstan totalled USD 2,730.4 million. In January-September 2024, the market for construction materials in Kazakhstan totalled USD 2,730.4 million, where the share of OTP accounted for 67.2 per cent and the share of imported products 32.8 per cent.

The largest volumes of production in value terms for January-October of this year come from Astana city (with the region's share of 13.8% in total production), Karaganda region (9.3%) and Almaty region (9%).

